

Integration of ELECTRE TRI in a GIS Methodology and Implementation

Olivier Sobrie

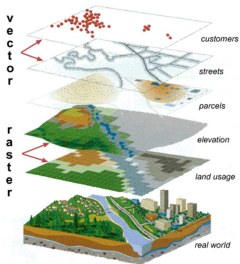
University of Mons
Polytechnic Faculty

October 6, 2010



- 1 Introduction
- 2 Objectives
- 3 Strategy of integration
- 4 Implementation
- 5 Next steps

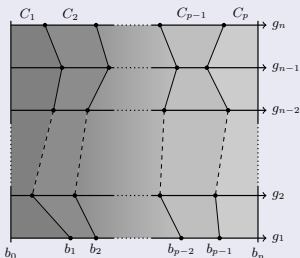
GIS and MCDA



- GIS are used in lot of application from land suitability problem to geomarketing
- Since 90's, works about GIS and MCDA
- Not a lot of work based on ELECTRE methods
- ELECTRE methods fit well for ordinal problems

ELECTRE TRI

Assignment problematic



- p categories
- n criteria

Major interests

- Judge an action independently from the others
- Reference values fixed : profiles
- Allow to consider more actions than other ELECTRE methods

Objectives

Main goal

Implement ELECTRE TRI in an Open Source GIS to facilitate the study of multicriteria spatial problems

Requirements

- Use GIS capabilities to represent the problem and the result
- User friendly
- Support for classic and Bouyssou-Marchant ELECTRE TRI models

Strategy of integration

Reference

- Chakhar's thesis (2006)

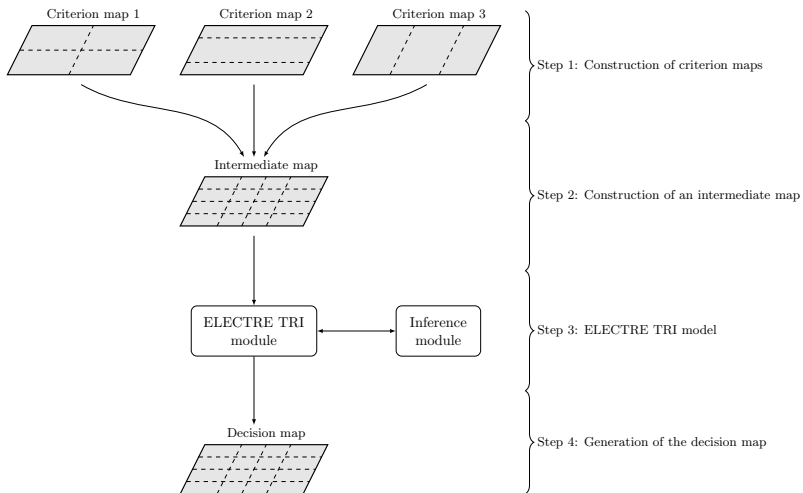
Coupling strategy

- Malczewski (2006) reports only 10 % of works using a strategy of full coupling of the MCDA method in the GIS
- Full coupling

Actions

- Vector layer
- Represented by spatial units on the map (Points, lines, polygons)

Construction of the decision map



Step 1 : Construction of criterion maps

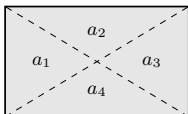
Definition

A criterion map c_j is a set $\{(s, g_j(s)) : s \in S_j\}$ where S_j is a set of spatial units and g_j a criterion function associated to c_j and defined as :

$$\begin{aligned} g_j &: S_j \rightarrow E \\ s &\rightarrow g_j(s) \end{aligned}$$

Built with the GIS map algebra

Criterion map



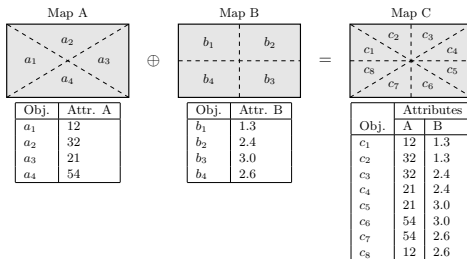
Obj.	Attr. A
a_1	12
a_2	32
a_3	21
a_4	54

Step 2 : Construction of an intermediate map

Definition

An intermediate map is a map where each spatial unit is associated to a vector of n evaluations relative to the n criteria of evaluation.

Built using GIS *union* operation



Step 3 : ELECTRE TRI module

Goal

Introduction of ELECTRE TRI parameters

Parameters

- Weights of criteria
- Reference profiles
- Profiles thresholds (indifference, preference, veto)
- Assignment procedure and cutting level

Inference module

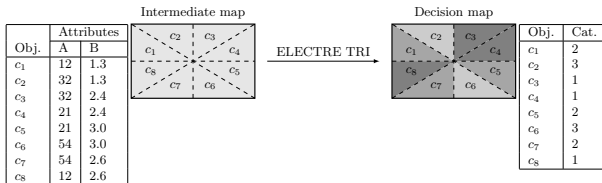
From assignment of some spatial units made by the decision maker, determine the parameters of the ELECTRE TRI model

Step 4 : Generation of decision map

Definition

A decision map M is a set $\{(u, \Gamma_\omega(u)) : u \in U, \omega \in \Omega\}$, where U is a set of homogeneous spatial unities and Γ_ω is a multicriteria classification model defined as :

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_\omega &: U \rightarrow E \\ u &\rightarrow \Gamma_\omega[g_1(u), \dots, g_m(u)] \end{aligned}$$



Choice of the GIS

- Lot of Open Source GIS (Grass, PostGIS, Quantum GIS, ...)
- See <http://opensourcegis.org/> for complete list

Choice of the GIS

- Lot of Open Source GIS (Grass, PostGIS, Quantum GIS, ...)
- See <http://opensourcegis.org/> for complete list

And the winner is :



- Linux and Windows compatible
- Written in C++ and Python
- Plugin mechanism included
- Using QT library
- Map algebra included

Quantum GIS - User interface

QT library



Code less.
Create more.
Deploy everywhere.

- Owned by Nokia
- LGPL license
- Available on a lot of platforms (Linux, Windows, ...)
- QT bindings for a lot of language (C++, python, java, ...)
- Lot of GUI possibilities
- QT Designer for user interface design

Quantum GIS - Generation of a decision map

Step 1 : Criteria map

- Quantum GIS includes lot of tools to construct different criteria map (fTools package includes map algebra)
- Vector layers only

Step 2 : Intermediate map

- *Union* tool included in Quantum GIS fTools package

Step 3 : ELECTRE TRI module

- Implemented as a plugin for Quantum GIS

Step 4 : Decision map

- Generated by the ELECTRE TRI module
- Use of Quantum GIS rendering capabilities

Quantum GIS - ELECTRE TRI module

Main components

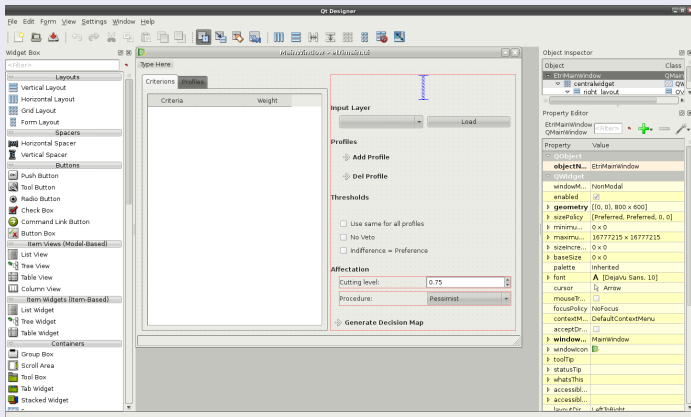
- ELECTRE TRI class
- User interface
- Decision map generator

Technical details

- Programming language :  python
- User interface : PyQT 
- Version Control System : 
- Project hosted on : github (<http://github.com/oso/qgis-etri>)

Quantum GIS - ELECTRE TRI module

User interface conception



1

2

pyuic4 to generate python code

Quantum GIS - ELECTRE TRI module

Full coupling

The screenshot displays the Quantum GIS 1.5.0-Tethys interface. The 'Plugins' menu is highlighted in the top menu bar. A red circle is drawn around the 'Plugins' menu item, and a red arrow points from it to the 'QGIS Plugin Manager' dialog box. Another red circle is drawn around the 'Electre Tri plugin (0.1)' entry in the plugin list, with a red arrow pointing to it. The dialog box shows the following options:

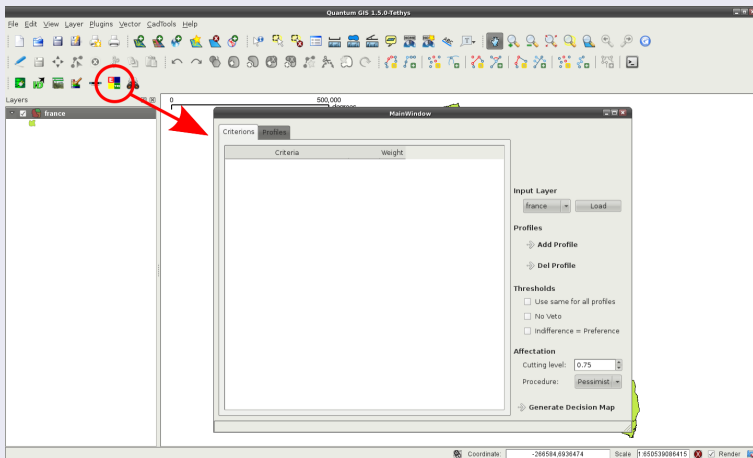
- Diagram Overlay: A plugin for placing diagrams on vector layers
- Displacement plugin: Adds a new renderer that automatically handles point displacement in case they have the same position
- Dxf2shp Converter: Converts from dxf to shp file format
- Electre Tri plugin (0.1)**: A simple Electre Tri plugin
- GPS Tools: Tools for loading and importing GPS data

The background shows a map of France with a scale of 500,000 degrees. The 'Layers' panel on the left shows a layer named 'france'. The status bar at the bottom indicates the coordinate system is UTM, Zone 30N, EPSG:31464, with a scale of 1:850539086415 and the 'Render' checkbox checked.



Quantum GIS - ELECTRE TRI module

Now it's time for a demo...



Demonstration 1 - Burkina Faso

Goal

Evaluation of landscape degradation in the watershed of Loulouka (Metchebon 2010)

Actions

229 squares of 25ha

Criteria

- 11 criteria
- Ordinal scale :
 - 1 Inadequate
 - 2 Moderately adequate
 - 3 Adequate

Categories

- 1 Inadequate
- 2 Weakly adequate
- 3 Moderately adequate
- 4 Adequate

Demonstration 2 - Valley of Ticino

Goal

Choose the best location for the installation of a waste treatment plant in the valley of Ticino
(Maystre and al. 1994)

Actions

7 actions (points)

Criteria

- 5 criteria
- Quantitative and qualitative scales

Categories

- 1 Bad
- 2 Good
- 3 Very good

Next steps

Inference module

- Conception of the UI for the inference module
- Integration with a solver and XMCDAs web services

Improve User Interface

- Simplify some actions
- Better error handling

Add features

- Draw profiles
- ...

Thank you for your
attention !